

TABELA DE FÓRMULAS

$$\begin{aligned}
 v &= \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}} \quad (\text{para uma corda}) & n_1 \sin \theta_1 &= n_2 \sin \theta_2 \\
 D(x, t) &= A \sin(kx \pm wt + \phi) & \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s'} &= \frac{1}{f} = \left(\frac{n_2}{n_1} - 1\right) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2}\right) \\
 k &= \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad w = 2\pi f \quad T = \frac{1}{f} & m &= \frac{-s'}{s} \\
 v &= \lambda f \quad n = \frac{c}{v} \\
 d \sin \theta &= m \lambda \quad (\text{construtiva} - \text{fendas múltiplas}) \\
 a \sin \theta &= m \lambda \quad (\text{destrutiva} - \text{fenda simples}) \\
 &\quad \text{se } \theta < 1^\circ, \sin \theta \approx \theta \\
 \tan \theta &= \frac{y}{L} \quad \theta = 1,22 \frac{\theta}{D} \\
 k \Delta r + \Delta \phi_o &= m \cdot 2\pi \quad (\text{construtiva}) \\
 \lambda &= \frac{2L}{m} \quad f_m = m \frac{v}{2L} \quad m = 1,2,3,4,\dots \\
 \lambda &= \frac{4L}{m} \quad f_m = m \frac{v}{4L} \quad m = 1,3,5,7,\dots
 \end{aligned}$$

Fonte em repouso.

$$f = \left(1 \pm \frac{v_{obs}}{v}\right) f_o (+ \rightarrow \text{aproximando})$$

Doppler para a luz

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{1-v_F/c}{1+v_F/c}} \lambda_o \quad (\text{aproximando})$$

Observador em repouso.

$$f = \frac{f_o}{1 \pm \frac{v_F}{v}} \quad (+ \rightarrow \text{afastando})$$